C H A P. to appoint persons, in conjunction with the continental commissioner, to sign them. They then direct, that any refident of the state, before the 1st of January, 1781, bringing into the continental treasury, within the state, any sum not exceeding 110 dollars for every £.100 to which he shall stand assessed for the present year, shall receive, in exchange, at the rate of 6 dollars of the new bills for every 200 dollars of the old; and that after the 1st of January, any person whatever may, at the same rate, receive new bills for the old, until the treasurer shall have received to the amount of 20,540,000 dollars of the old. And for every 200 dollars of the old, thus brought in, 4 dollars of the new bills shall be set apart for the use

for every 200 dollars of the old, thus brought in, 4 dollars of the new bills shall be set apart for the use of congress.

To secure the redemption of these new bills, there shall, in each of the five following years, be an assessment of property; and for every f. 100 there shall be paid a tax of one bushel of wheat, or 25lb. of tobacco, or one dollar in silver or in the paper itself. The product of this tax is to be inviolably appropriated to the redemption of one sigh of the emission in every year after the 1st of January, 1781. Besides this fund, there is another, which is the product of certain duties imposed by this act on exported tobacco and iron, on every kind of imported spirit, wine, cosses, loas sugar, and negroes, on marriage and ordinary licences, on registers for vessels, on commissions of marque and reprisal, on home-made spirit, and on billiard tables. All sines, forseitures, amerciaments, and forseited recognizances, constitute an additional fund. And the specie arising from these sunds is to be set apart, until a sufficient sund be collected, for redeeming a fixth part of the bills, and the bills themselves paid in are to be retained. All continental money, brought in to the treasurer; is to be exchanged for the said bills, and the treasurer.

All continental money, brought in to the treasurer, is to be exchanged for the said bills, and the treafurer is directed to offer the faid bills to every public creditor, calling on him for payment for any part of the debt, not exceeding the creditor's affeliment, at the rate of one dollar for 33' dollars continental.

The new bills, fo to be issued, are made a legal tender amongst individuals, at the rate of f. 166 13 4 for every f. 100 sterling, and at par for current money debts. And the chancellor, or the general court,

on petition of a debtor, may, in a fummary way, call on the creditor, his representative, attorney in fact, affignee, or affignee's representative, and compel him to receive his balance, and deliver up his securities. Where there are mutual debts, either of these courts may cause the debts to be set against each other, and appoint a person to strike the balance. Where a tender has been made, or the creditor has kept out of the way to avoid it, the costs of the petitioner are to be allowed. And in any action for money due, the same may in these bills be brought into court, and thereupon the court shall proceed as aforesaid.

But in case of a depreciation of the new bills, the chancellor, and the judges of the general court, or a majority of them, are authorised between the 10th and 20th of October next, to determine at what expenses the field hills shall discharge debte court and a feet of the same as the field hills shall discharge debte court and the same as the field hills shall discharge debte court and the same as the field hills shall discharge debte courts and the same as the field hills shall discharge debte courts and the same as the field hills shall discharge debte courts and the same as the s

change the faid bills shall discharge debts contracted before the 1st of September, 1776. Such determination shall be the universal rule, until the 1st day of the following May term, when, in case of further depreciation, another scale is, in the same manner, to be established, and to prevail until the next term, when a fimilar proceeding fhall take place. And each determination is to be published in the news-papers of Annapolis and Baltimore.

N. B. That part of the act which imposes taxes for finking the new emission, has, by a subsequent act, been repealed.

H A P. IX.

An ACT to continue the acts of affembly therein mentioned.

A P.

An ACT to procure recruits to complete the battalions of this state in the service, of the United States, and to raise an additional regiment, if necessary

To raise 1,400, to serve during the war. This number is apportioned amongst the several counties, the militia of which is to be divided into as many classes as their respective quotas amount to; each classes, by the 15th of July, to surnish a recruit, take up a deserter, or pay the bounty, which shall be given by the lieutenant, or in his room by any field officer, not exceeding £.15 out of every £.100 of the affested property belonging to the class; each person's proportion to be ascertained by any three of the lieutenant and field officers, together with at least one tax commissioner, and levied on any of his property, under the warrant of the lieutenant or a field officer.

Each recruit is to ferve during the war, and at the conclusion of it to be entitled to 50 acres of land, and his property, during his service, and for four years after, is to be exempt from taxation.

XI. C H A P.

An ACT to revive actions and process in the court of appeals, to enable any one judge to adjourn the faid court, and to direct the oath of the judges in case of appeals from the court of chancery.

HEREAS the court of appeals was adjourned to the third Tuesday of the present month of June, at which day, by some accident, a sufficient number of the judges to hold the faid court did not meet, whereby the actions and process in the said court were discontinued;

Actions, &c. continued, &c.

Pseamble.

II. Be it enasted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That every action, procels and proceeding, depending in the said court on the said third Tuesday in June, shall be and are hereby revived and continued, until a court of appeals, which is hereby directed to be held on Monday the fourth day of September next, and on the faid day, every action, process and proceeding, shall stand and be in the same state and condition, to all intents and purposes, as the same were in on the faid third Tuesday in June; and the said court of appeals, to be held on the said sourth day of September, may proceed to hear and determine each, and every